

Series 19

Desiccator Cabinet

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The Series 19 desiccator cabinet and inert atmosphere cabinet are designed to create sealed compartments that will hold or contain parts in a dry or nitrogen environment. These cabinets were developed to create a storage area that can be purged to create a controlled environment for long-term storage of parts or material that will degrade when left out in the normal atmosphere.

The units are constructed with a heavy-gage, stainless steel outside shell and a stainless steel divider between each compartment. Each compartment is sealed to form a pressurized storage space. The stainless steel shell creates a strong, durable cabinet that will not crack or break apart at the seams like allacrylic cabinets will. The stainless construction is suitable for heavy storage loads.

The compartments have a hinged, clear acrylic door with a heavy-duty stainless steel frame and a cam-action, over center door latch. They are hinged with a continuous hinge and are gasketted with a light gray PVC closed-cell gasket.

The back panel of the unit is stainless steel. It is welded and sealed to the back of the unit. This back panel can be modified to attach other equipment or a second set of doors if desired. Optional clear back panel is available.

Optional fixed or adjustable shelves can be installed within each of the sealed compartments.

Features

- Stainless steel construction
- Conductive model available
- Polypropylene model available
- Optional fixed or adjustable shelves

Standard Construction

The standard desiccator cabinet is constructed with a welded type 304 stainless steel shell and compartment dividers. The welds are ground and finished. The compartments' stainless steel seams are sealed with a clear epoxy sealant to create tightly sealed compartments.

The stainless steel shell will not crack, break, deform or lose its integrity like acrylic or other plastic cabinets will. The stainless steel shell is conductive and will not hold a charge. This reduces dirt and other contamination build-up that is common for acrylic cabinets. The stainless steel shell also shields the interior from static charges, creating an enclosure similar to a Faraday cage or box in which the conducting stainless steel enclosure neutralizes free electrons (static charges) inside the cabinet.

With the conducting stainless steel construction, when grounded, the cabinet can automatically neutralize a static charge on an operator as soon as they touch the door handle.

Attached to the front of the welded shell are stainless steel doors with a viewing window. The standard front viewing window is clear acrylic with optional ESD static dissipative PVC or acrylic, safety glass, yellow or clear UV filtering acrylic and solid stainless (no viewing window).

Each door has heavy duty 1/8 in. stainless steel hinges, a decorative heavy-duty lever handle, and overcenter cam action door latch, to ensure the door pulls tight and the door gasket seals against the cabinet. The door latches can be furnished with individual compartment locks or with a high-security bar assembly (See options for details).

The doors seal to the cabinet with a 3/4 inch-thick PVC closed-cell gasket

that is attached to the door by an adhesive backing. The thick gasket is compressed by approximately 15% of its thickness to reduce permanent "set" that can occur when a gasket is over compressed.

The rear of the desiccator can be covered in a variety of materials. The standard is clear acrylic, with optional ESD PVC or acrylic, safety glass, yellow/clear UV filter acrylic and solid stainless steel. All but the stainless steel back panel are gasketted and compression sealed to the welded shell. The back panel is replaceable should it become broken or damaged. The stainless steel back panel is permanently welded to the rear of the cabinet. It is sealed with clear epoxy.

The standard cabinet is furnished with leg leveling glides. The standard height to the first compartment (bottom riser height) is 3 in. above the floor. Smaller units setting on a table can utilize a shorter plastic glide for a 2-in. height. Optional risers heights of 6 in. and 12 in. are also available. NOTE: The risers are integral to the cabinet and cannot be removed. Optional detachable stands are available upon request.

The flow meter controls are mounted onto the top of the desiccator assembly and are available in a variety of styles and configurations. (See the purge control section.) Multiple compartment assembly, the purge tubing, and dispersion nozzles are located along one side of the cabinet, and the optional bleeder valve is located on the opposite side. The standard desiccator comes with a CAP19FMC flow meter control system (single flow meter to purge all compartments in that desiccator cabinet system).

The standard flow meters are the Dwyer VFA series. They are made of solid acrylic with an adjustable brass needle valve, 1/8 FNPT brass inlet and outlet fittings, Buna-N "O" ring seals, and an internal float and float rod that are stainless steel. NOTE: The main nitrogen shut off valve and regulator are optional.

Conductive Quality

The stainless steel will provide a conductive surface to help dissipate a static charge. With a conductive stainless shell and shelves, the stored parts are in constant contact with a neutral surface. This keeps a charge off static sensitive parts, and also reduces contamination due to static attraction.

Multiple Units

The units are designed to be set side-by-side to form a "wall" of storage cabinets.

Fittings and Supply Tubing

The supply tube fittings compression style is white polypropylene, the nozzles are PVC, and the tubing is polyethylene. Optional tubing materials are PVC, white polypropylene, or Teflon fittings.

Options

- Bleeder check valves
- Flow meter upgrade from brass to stainless steel
- Individual compartment flow meters, specify brass or stainless (see purge control section)
- Main nitrogen shut off valve (specify brass or stainless)
- Regulator (brass or stainless steel, high purity stainless steel)
- Door viewing windows
 - Clear acrylic (standard)
 - ESD, static dissipative PVC or acrylic
 - Safety glass
 - Yellow or UV filtering acrylic
 - Solid stainless steel (no



viewing window)

- Rear back panel
 - Clear acrylic
 - ESD, static dissipative PVC or acrylic
 - Safety glass
 - Yellow or UV filtering acrylic
 - Solid stainless steel (no viewing window) (Not removable.
 Welded to back of unit)
- Polypropylene construction;
 Shell and dividers made of white polypropylene low metal construction
- Locks on the door latches
- Security bar to lock doors for high security areas (Typically also needs stainless steel back panel)
- · Low outgas gasketting
- Purge control options
 - Manual, single flow meter (standard)
 - Automatic purge when door opens
 - Electronic humidity controlling
- Internal compartment shelves
 - Fixed stainless steel
 - Removable stainless steel
 - Flat and semi-flat light duty stainless or acrylic with side wall standards
 - Sliding drawers or trays
- Standard compartment sizing
 - Clear height 8, 10, 12, 14, 16,20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 48, 60, 72,84
 - Clear width 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 42, 48
 - Front to back depth 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 42, 48
 - Custom sizes and configurations available upon request
 - Consult factory for current stock sizes.

NOTE: On multiple tier cabinets, if the interior width and depth get too small, the cabinet will become "tippy". (2) Cabinet tiers can be attached together to make the unit more stable, an extended base stand can be used, the unit can be bolted to the floor or bottom counterweights can be added. Consult factory for details.

The compartment sizing is the front clear open area. Internal shelves will reduce the effective storage area.

Purge Control

Types of Desiccator Cabinet Purge Control Options

CAP19BCV Bleeder check valves
CAP19FMC Flow meter control
CAP19CHL Cabinet high/low-flow control
CAP19ICP Individual compartment

purge high/low control
CAP19MDC Multiple desiccator
cabinet high/low purge

CAP19RHS Relative humidity sensing to control purge rate

CAP19FMM Flow meter manual control

CAP19BLD Bleeder check valves

The CAP19BCV bleeder check valve is designed as a port to allow the nitrogen to vent out the purged compartment. The bleeder ports are not required with very low-flow purge rates; they are required with higher purge flow rates.

The valves are designed to improve the purging airflow and to maintain a more constant compartment pressure. As the airflow increases, the valve allows more air to escape, and as the airflow is reduced, the valve closes. In the event nitrogen pressure is lost, the valve will close completely to reduce air infiltration.

Detailed Description of Flow Control Options

CAP19FMC Flow Meter Control (standard unless specified)

Flow meter control has the lowest up-front cost. It has a single-flow

meter with a main purge tube. The nitrogen purge rate is constant and set by the flow meter. The recovery rate for an individual compartment is subject to the flow rate. The system does not alter the flow rate. An operator can adjust the flow at the beginning and end of a shift to increase compartment recovery time or leave the flow the same all the time. If the flow is the same all the time, there is often a compromise between the compartment recovery rate and total nitrogen consumption. Meter uses brass fittings unless otherwise specified.

CAP19ICP Individual Compartment Purge Control

The CAP19ICP is designed so each desiccator compartment (door) has independent high/low purge control. When an individual compartment is opened, a magnetic sensor on the door activates an adjustable timer. The timer starts the high-purge flow to that individual compartment while keeping the other inactive compartments at low-flow purge rate. After the timer times out, the high-flow purge rate switches back to low-flow and remains at low-flow until the compartments becomes active or the door is reopened. This provides a fast recovery rate while minimizing the total nitrogen consumption.

The system controller has one timer per compartment, so multiple compartments can be accessed with each being individually timed. A single adjustable potentiometer controls all the timers to a range from 0 to 30 minutes

Nitrogen consumption is low, because only active compartments get a high-purge flow. The other inactive compartments low-flow rate is just enough to maintain a slight positive pressure and maintain the dry



inert environment. This purge option is most often used on larger multiple-door systems when any of the doors or compartments within the desiccator system are opened two or more times per hour. NOTE: Multiple desiccator stacks can be connected to a single CAP19ICP purge control assembly. The CAP19ICP purge controllers are available for systems from 1 to 24 compartments (doors).

The purge module is a stainless steel enclosure that mounts on the top of the desiccator cabinet. It contains the control timers, solenoid valves, low voltage transformer, flow meters, air regulator, power cord and other controls required for the purge system. The front control panel has a total nitrogen flow meter, low-flow meter indicating the total low-flow purge rate, high-purge flow off switch and nitrogen pressure gage with regulator control. The standard fittings are brass with polypropylene tubing for the purge lines.

CAP191CP Options:

- Adjustable low-flow meter for each compartment
- Adjustable high-flow meter for each compartment
- Nitrogen shut off valve
- Upgrade brass to stainless fittings
- Upgrade regulator from brass to high purity stainless
- Low nitrogen pressure alarm
- 220 V 50 Hz power input Part #CAP19-ICP-* Where * = # of compartments (doors) being controlled. Sized for 1 to 24 compartments (doors)

CAP19CHL Cabinet High/Lowflow Purge Control

The CAP19CHL purge option switches all the compartments within the purge system from low to highflow whenever any of the compartments (doors) within the system are opened. When a door opens, a magnetic switch activates an adjustable timer, which starts the high-flow purge to all the compartments in that purge system. After the timer times out, the purge flow rate goes back to low-flow on all the compartments. The system uses slightly more nitrogen than the individual compartment option, but much less than if continuous purge was used. The purge option is typically used on smaller desiccator systems or on systems with very low activity.

The purge module is a stainless steel enclosure that mounts on the top of the desiccator cabinet. It contains the control timer, a solenoid valve, low-voltage transformer, flow meters, air regulator and other controls required for the purge system. The front control panel has a total nitrogen flow meter, low-flow meter indicating the total low-flow purge rate, high-purge flow off switch and nitrogen pressure gage with regulator control. The standard fittings are brass with polypropylene tubing for the purge lines.

CAP19CHL Options:

- Adjustable low-flow meter for each compartment
- Adjustable high-flow meter for each compartment
- Nitrogen shut-off valve
- Upgrade brass to stainless fittings
- Upgrade regulator from brass to high-purity stainless
- Low nitrogen pressure alarm
- 220 V 50 Hz power input

CAP19MDC Multiple Desiccator Cabinet System Purge

The CAP19MDC system is designed so a single control module can control multiple desiccator stacks. This system is a combination of the CAP19ICP,

Individual Compartment Purge and the CAP19CHL, Cabinet High/Low Control. Like the other systems each desiccator compartment door will have a magnetic sensor. These sensors are connected in series for a vertical stack or group of compartments. When any of the doors in the "group" are opened all the compartments within that group are purged at the high-purge flow rate.

Because the system can control multiple stacks of different sizes of desiccator cabinets, each purge feed line has its own high and low-flow gage to allow for individual control of the high and low-flow rates to the different stacks.

CAP19DEH Digital Electronic Humidity Control System

The CAP19DEH is designed to monitor and control the relative humidity within a desiccator system. Like other systems each compartment has a magnetic door switch to change the purge flow rate of each individual compartment like the CAP19ICP. In addition there is a compartment sampling tube connection from the compartment bleed port to the control box. The sampling tube connects to an electronic humidity sensor for measuring and controlling the relative humidity within the desiccator cabinet.

The system takes rotating samples of each compartment. If a sample is above the set point, the compartment is turned to high-purge rate. Indicator light shows which compartment is being measured. The sampling times are adjustable from 1 to 10 minutes.

During the purge exhaust sampling the compartment pressure is measured. If the pressure falls below a present level the system will go into a high-purge mode for that compartment. The high-flow purge time for



low pressure failure is independently adjusted from the purge time associated with opening the compartment door. No extra nitrogen is used as a result of the sampling, because the sample gas is the purge gas being discharged from the compartments through the bleeder port.

When the electronic sensor detects high humidity the purge flow will go into the high-flow and will maintain that flow rate for the same amount of time on the "active compartment purge" timers.

The purge module is a stainless steel enclosure that mounts on top of the desiccator cabinet. It contains: a digital humidity controller, control timers, solenoid valves, low-voltage transformer, flow meters, air regulator, power cord and other controls required for the purge system. The front control panel has a digital humidity display, total nitrogen flow meter, low-purge flow meter (indicating the total low-flow purge rate), high-purge flow off switch, and nitrogen pressure gage with regulator control. The standard fittings are brass with polypropylene tubing for the purge lines.

Times When High Purge Rate is Activated:

- (1) When the door to the compartment is opened
- (2) When a compartment has low pressure during the RH sampling
- (3) When the compartment relative humidity goes above a preset level

Available sizes on desiccators with 1 to 24 compartments.

CAP19DEH Options:

- High-flow meter to each compartment
- Low-flow meter to each compartment

Individual compartment continuous pressure sensing

Examples of the Systems

- The CAP19ICP system (individual compartment purge control) controls up to 24 individual compartments i.e., (2) 6 tier (12 total doors/compartments).
- Controlling 12 individual compartments. When an individual compartment door opens (1 of 12) only that one compartment (1 of 12) would be purged at the high-flow rate.
- The CAP19CHL (Cabinet High/ Low Purge System) i.e., using the same (2) 6 tier (12 total doors/ compartments)
- Controls a single or multiple tiers.
 When any one of the doors (1 of 12) in that system open all the compartments (12 of 12) get a high-flow purge rate.
- The CAP19MDC (Multiple Desiccator Cabinet):

 (12) 6 tier desiccators (72 total doors); When any one of the 6 doors in the tier or group (1 of 72 total doors) are opened that entire tier or group (6 of 72) compartments would be purged with the high-flow rate.

Determining Which Purge System

- (1) How many compartments are being controlled?
- (2) How fast do the compartments need to recover after they have been accessed?
- (3) How frequently are the compartments accessed?
- (4) What is the maximum length of time the product within the compartments can be in and out of the specified environment per day, week, or month before damage will occur?

- (5) Are the multiple compartments being opened at the same time?
- (6) Is monitoring of the compartments humidity a requirement?

Starting with an empty cabinet with 60% RH internal compartment of humidity level, there will be a 25% reduction in relative humidity for each complete volume equivalent air change. This rate will continue until the desiccator reaches approximately four air volume changes — the RH would be about 18% or approximately a 70% reduction in the humidity. At the 18% level the rate reduction level decreases to about 15% per air change down to about 8% to 10% level where the curve starts to flatten out. At this point a flow rate of 10% to 20% of compartment/cabinet volume will maintain the reduced RH level.

The 60% RH inside the cabinet can be reduced to under 20% in less than an hour, after which the flow rate could be switched to a reduced rate saving on nitrogen consumption.

High volume of compartment with stored material can reduce nitrogen consumption required to bring the cabinet down to its "dry" state, but has little effect on the low-flow purge rate required to "maintain" a particular state. If the material being stored has residual moisture, larger/longer high-flows will be required in order to dry the materials. Drying will typically require longer slower high-flow purge rates or use of the electronic humidity sensing alarm.

Assume 8,760 hours in a year, assume 2,024 working hours in an 8-hour shift (2080 - 56 hours for 7 standard annual holidays), a low-flow purge rage. In the above example a 25 cubic foot cabinet with a 4 air change per hour high-flow rate (100 cubic ft./hour) and a 15 cubic foot per minute low-flow purge rate, would



save (24 hours - 8.5 shift - 1 hour of high-flow after the shift ended is 14.5 hours per day * 5 days + 48 hours for the weekend) 120.5 hours per week of low-flow operation. 100 CFH - 15 CFH low-flow is an 85 CFH savings. 85 CFH * 120.5 hours per week = 10,242 CFM/week or 532,000 CFM per year. Multiple this by your cost per CM on nitrogen and you have a lot of money.

The figures shown are reference only. Clean Air Products is making no claims as to what the nitrogen consumption will be for you individual system.

Safety Note: The desiccator cabinets should be placed in a well-ventilated room. If the cabinets are placed in a small room such as a closet, the purge nitrogen can displace the oxygen within the space and cause suffocation.

Items

- 1. Base stand
- 2. Door hinges
- 3. Doors
- 5. Shell stainless steel
- 6. Back panel stainless steel
- 7. Leg leveling glides
- 9. Door knob 90 degree turn

Options - Shown

- 4. Nitrogen dispersion tube
- 8. Flow meter
- 10. Nitrogen on/off valve
- 11. Shelves inside compartment
- 12. Ionization power supply
- 13. Ionization power cord

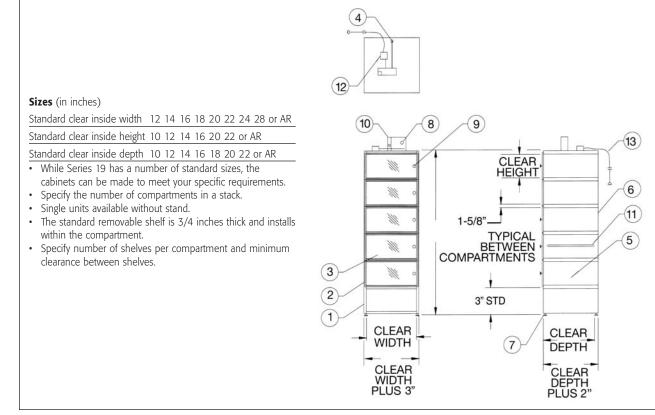
- Lexan or conductive PVC for doors and back panel
- White polypropylene construction
- Door hinged on RH side
- Low out gassing construction
- Other options and sizes upon request

Guarantee

A written 1 year warranty is furnished with each cabinet.

Additional Options — Not Shown

- Automatic bleeder valves
- Casters with and w/o brakes
- Glass doors with stainless steel frames



Specifications subject to change. Please contact factory for details.



Solutions Built to Your Specifications.

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